

# 16 QUAD ISOLATED DIGITAL INPUTS

ISODIN Modbus RTU DIN MODULE
Model DAQ16-24VDin4-2RTU

**Rev 2.6** 

#### <u>FEATURES</u>

- Sixteen Quad Isolated Digital Input Channels
- Input Range ±( 12 to 36 ) VOLTS
- User settable Debounce Time
- 1500 Vrms Isolation Input and Power
- 1500 Vrms Channel-to-Channel Isolation
- 2500 Vrms Network Isolation
- Wide Range 9-36 VDC or 7-28 VAC Supply
- -40 to 85 °C Operating Temperature Range
- Synchronized Sampling & Hold of all channels throughout the Network
- Complies with the requirements of IEC61000-6-5 and IEC61326-1

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

This Modbus RTU version 24V Digital Input Module features 16 Isolated independent channels and an isolated RS-485 interface.

The channels are fully isolated with 1500 Vrms between Input, Power and Channel-to-Channel.

Sixteen green LEDs provide Input Status Indication while the debounce time is user settable.

All 16 channels are sampled synchronously. A global Modbus command will result in synchronized sampling and hold of all Input Channels in the network. These samples are then stored in a second set of registers in each module for eventual readout.

Plug-in Terminal blocks with Ejection lever enable easy installation and replacement.



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

**Maximum Ratings** 

Power Supply Voltage 39 VDC or 29 VAC
Signal Input ±48 V continuous
Storage Temperature -55 to 125 Deg C
Input Common Mode 1.5 KVrms (1 min)
Channel to Channel Voltage
RS-485 Common Mode 2.5 KVrms (1 min)

**Emissions & Immunity** 

Complies with the requirements of IEC61000-6-5 and IEC61326-1

In particular:

IEC61000-3-2 Class B emissions

IEC61000-4-2 8 KV electrostatic discharge IEC61000-4-4 2 KV burst, 5/50 ns, 5 Khz

IEC61000-4-5 2 KV surge 1.2/50 us, line to ground,

1 KV line to line

IEC61000-4-6 Conducted RF

Signal Inputs

Voltage Range ±(12 to 36) V Input Threshold ±7 V Input Resistance 12 Kohm

**Common Mode** 

Leakage Current  $2 \mu A rms$  at 1000 Vrms

and 50/60 Hz, per channel

Capacitance 4 pF max per channel

**Power Requirements** 

Supply Voltage 9 to 36 VDC or 7 to 28 VAC Max Power 1.4 W, Non Polarized

**RS-485 Interface** 

Protocol Modbus RTU

Baud Rate 2400 to 921.6K standard baud rates,

default = 19200

Duplex Half duplex
Parity None
Data bits 8
Stop bits 2

Response Delay 0 to 6553.5 msec in 0.1 msec increments

Module Address 1 to 247

Max nodes 1 to 31 without repeater

Max distance 4000 ft, 1230 meters (varies with baud rate)

**Environmental & Mechanical** 

Operating Temperature -40 to 85 °C

Relative Humidity < 95 % Non Condensing Overall Dimensions 113.6 x 117.2 x 22.5 (mm ),

4.47 x 4.62 x 0.89 (in)

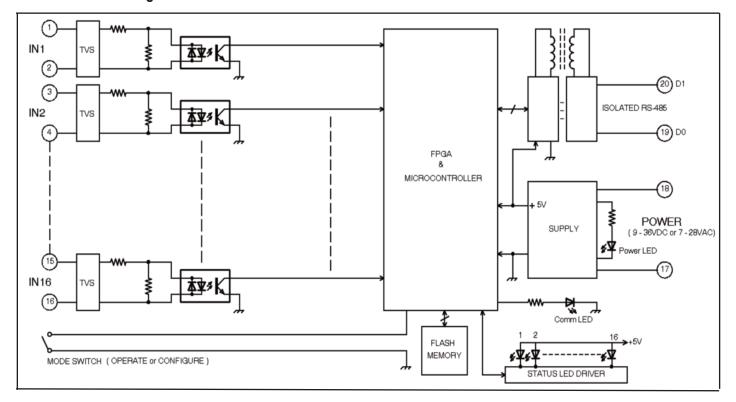
Enclosure material PA 66 GF 30

PC Board material FR4
Protection Class IP20

Conductor Size AWG26 min, AWG14 max

www.apixcorp.com

#### **Functional Block Diagram**

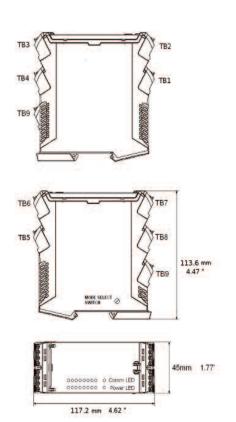


# **OPERATION**

The Functional Block Diagram shows how the external Digital Inputs are connected to the sixteen identical isolated processing channels. Each channel has a Transient Voltage Suppresor Network across the input terminals, followed by an AC type optocoupler. The channel input resistance is 12 Kohm.

External power at the POWER terminals is indicated by the "Power" LED. The "Comm" LED turns ON when the module is transmitting. A Status LED for each channel is ON when the Input voltage is applied.

An isolated RS-485 interface drives the network cable. A watchdog timer will restart the module if any unusual event disrupts normal operation.



# INSTALLATION

#### **Enclosure**

All ISODIN modules offer IP20 level protection to withstand typical industrial environments. The thermoplastic package is non-flammable per UL94 V-0 with high impact resistance.

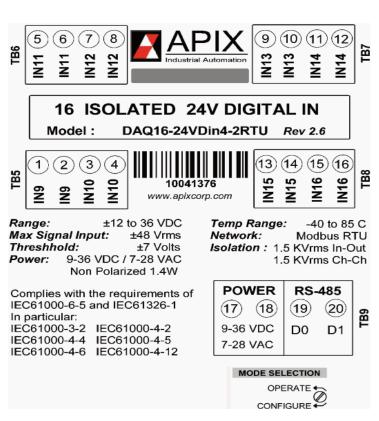
They feature surge protection on each input and have low radiated emissions and high immunity tolerance.

### Mounting

This module must be mounted vertically on a 35mm "T" type DIN rail as per EN50022.

Module attachment is done by locating the top groove of the adapter over the upper lip of the rail then pushing the unit downwards until it snaps into place.

Removal is accomplished by inserting a screwdriver into the groove of the bottom side latch and using it as a lever to open the latch until the module disconnects from the rail.



# **CONNECTIONS**

There are 9 plug-in terminal blocks, TB1- B8 for Signal input wiring and one 4 pin terminal, TB9 for power and RS-485 connections.

These terminal blocks and Input Signal polarities are clearly indicated on the module side label. TB1-TB9 have a convenient lever mechanism for easy ejection.

All terminals will accept from AWG26 up to AWD14 wire and are rated 10A/400V at ambient temperature and II/2 pollution severity.

The power input is Non-Polarized from 9 to 36VDC or 7 to 28VAC and connects to the POWER terminals. A Green LED, labeled "Power" on the front panel is fed directly by the power input.

A twisted pair cable should be used for the RS-485 signal and daisy chained from module to module, without branching.

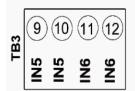
Terminals labeled D0 and D1, as per the Modbus specification, carry the differential half duplex RS-485 signal.

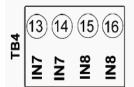
A cable shield is not normally required but if available should be connected to chassis ( DIN rail ) ground. Since this RS-485 link is isolated, there is no current flow along the shield drain wire.

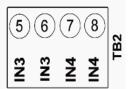
RS-485 line polarization is required for proper operation of this module. This is usually provided by the Modbus Master node via pullup and pulldown resistors.

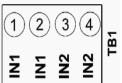
The Master node should also provide a 120 or 150 ohm line termination resistor across the D0 & D1 pins.

If the cable is very long and reflections are a problem, then a second termination resistor, at the far end of the cable, may be required.









# CONFIGURATION

An external MODE Rotary Switch must be set to the "CONFIGURE" position (fully clockwise) in order to permit changes to all internal parameters. The procedure is as follows:

- 1) Power must be OFF
- 2) Turn MODE switch fully clockwise
- 3) Power ON
- 4) Change any parameters as necessary
- 5) Power OFF
- 6) Turn MODE switch fully counterclockwise ( OPERATE position , default)
- 7) Power ON to operate normally

NOTE that the MODE switch state will be recognized only when power is applied.

In the CONFIGURE position, default communication parameters are set as follows:

Module address = 1
Baud rate = 19200
Sample rate = 1000

All user accessible parameters are stored in Flash memory and can be read and written to as "Holding Registers", via the Modbus RTU protocol (function codes 3 and 6), in the following locations:

| Register Address | Name           | Value Range   |
|------------------|----------------|---|
| 0                | Module ID      | 16 ( DAQ16-24VDin4-2RTU )                               |
| 1                | Module Address | 1 to 247  |
| 2                | Sample Rate    | 50 to 1000 HZ ( Default = 1000 )                        |
| 3                | Baud Rate      | 24 to 9216 (Actual rate divided by 100)                 |
| 4                | Parity         | 0=none  |
| 5                | Response Delay | 0 to 65535 ( equals 0 to 6553.5 msec) ( Default = 0 )   |
| 6                | Debounce Time  | 0 to 1000 ( equals 0 to 10.00 msec ) ( Default = 1000 ) |
| 7                | Reserved       |   |

Due to the nature of Flash memory, it can be read very quickly but when writing to a single location it actually writes a complete block of 65536 locations. This can take several seconds to complete.

# MODBUS FUNCTIONS

All data values and Flash memory parameters are accessed via the Modbus RTU protocol as per the "Modbus Application Protocol Specification V1.1b". Available at www.Modbus-IDA.org

For reading data values of the 16 input channels, use function code 02 (read input status). You must specify the starting address 0 to 15 (for channel 1 to 16) and the number of Inputs to read (1 to 16). Example.....

02 Function code - ( Read Discrete Inputs ) 0000 Starting address - ( begin at channel 1 ) 0016 Number of Inputs - ( all 16 channels )

In a similar manner, to read the Flash memory parameters, use function code 03 (read holding registers). Example...

03 Function code

0002 Read address 2 = Sample rate

0001 One register

To write parameters into the Flash memory, use function code 06 (write single register). Example...

06 Function code

0002 Write address 2 = Sample rate

003C Sample rate value = 3C hex = 60 Hz decimal

# SYNC COMMAND

A Modbus global broadcast command has been implemented to take a synchronized sample of all Input Channels in the network. When this command is received by the module, it immediately starts a new sample (discarding any ongoing sampling) on all 8 channels simultaneously. This broadcast command is 2 bytes ...

00 Broadcast address

01 Take sample

These samples are then stored in a second set of 8 registers for eventual readout. This second set of registers begins at address 8 and ends at address 15 and can be accessed as "Read Discrete Inputs" in the normal manner, for example...

04 Function code - (Read Discrete Inputs)

0008 Starting address – (begin at channel 1 of second register set )

0008 Number of registers – ( all 8 Inputs )

# **ERROR CODES**

If any error occurs in these message transactions, the appropriate exception code will be returned to the Master node. The supported codes are as follows:

| Code | Meaning  |
|------|--|
| 01   | Illegal function, not supported by this module         |
| 02   | Illegal data address, not valid for this module        |
| 03   | Illegal data value, indicates a fault in the structure |
|      | of the message.  |